Exam Style Questions
Mean, Median, Mode and Range

Ensure you have: Pencil, pen, ruler, protractor, pair of compasses and eraser
You may use tracing paper if needed

## Guidance

1. Read each question carefully before you begin answering it.
2. Don't spend too long on one question.
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4. Check your answers seem right.
5. Always show your workings



Here are his scores.

| 1 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 1 | 4 | 1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

(a) Find the mode.

(1)
(b) Work out the mean.
$1+4+4+2+3+4+5+1+4+1=29$
$29 \div 10=2.9$
2.9
(2)
(c) Work out the range.
$5-1=4$
2. Simone records the number of minutes she spends on her mobile phone over用 7 days.

| 8 | 5 | 13 | 6 | 24 | 19 | 10 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Find the median.


(a) Find the mode.

10
(1)
(b) Find out the median.

## 

12
(2)
(c) Work out the range.

$$
15-10=5
$$

5
(2)
(d) Work out the mean.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 10+10+10+11+12+12+13+14+15=107 \\
& 107 \div 9=11.88888 \ldots \quad 11.89 \text { to } 2 \text { decimal places }
\end{aligned}
$$

4. A football team played six games.

Here are the number of goals they scored in each game:
$\begin{array}{llllll}6 & 0 & 3 & 2 & 2 & 5\end{array}$
(a) Work out the median number of goals scored.

$$
Q 2235 \%
$$

(b) Work out the mean number of goals scored.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 6+0+3+2+2+5=18 \\
& 18 \div 6=3
\end{aligned}
$$

The football team play one more game.
The mean number of goals scored increases to 4 .
(c) Work out the number of goals scored in the seventh game.

## One more game, would be the 7th $7 \times 4=28$ goals in total They have scored 18 so far

$$
\begin{equation*}
28-18=10 \tag{2}
\end{equation*}
$$

```
5. Miss Jones gives her class a test.
T. The test is out of 40 marks.
Here are their scores.
\begin{tabular}{lllllll}
31 & 29 & 20 & 35 & 32 & 38 & 32
\end{tabular}
```

(a) Work out the mode.

## 32

(1)
(b) Work out the median.

## 20293132323538

(c) Work out the range.

$$
38-20=18
$$

The pass mark for the test is $75 \%$.
(d) How many students pass the test?
$75 \%$ of $40=30$
$20 \quad 293132323538$
6. Hannah is recording the number of letters in each word in an article.

These are the first ten lengths.

| 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 2 | 4 | 3 | 7 | 3 | 6 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

(a) Work out the median.

## 2333445667

4
(2)
(b) Calculate the mean.
$2+3+3+3+4+4+5+6+6+7=43$
$43 \div 10=4.3$
4.3
(2)

The $11^{\text {th }}$ word has 4 letters.
(c) Tick the box which describes what affect this will have on the mean.

(1)
(d) Tick the box which describes what affect this will have on the median.

7. Shown below are five cards which are arranged in order from smallest to largest風

$$
\begin{array}{llllll}
\hline 5 & 5 & 8 & 8 & 9 \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

The range of the cards is 4 .
The median of the cards is 8 . Mi dole
The mean of the cards is 7 . bods up to $5 \times 7=35$
Work out the 4 missing numbers.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 5+8+9=22 \\
& 35-22=13
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
588 \text { and } 9
$$

8. 8 boys and 8 girls from a class run 100 m .

The times taken, to the nearest second, for each girl are:

| 15 | 20 | 24 | 18 | 19 | 21 | 26 | 29 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

The mean of the boys' times is 25 seconds.
The range of the boys' times is 14 seconds.
Thomas says that "the boys in our class are faster than the girls."
Is he correct?
girls mean: 21.5 seals
girls range: 14 seals
No. The mean time for the girls to run 100 m is 21.5 seconds, which is less than the mean time for the boys. Therefore on average the girls were faster. The ranges for both the boys and girls are equal which suggests there are no outliers that are affecting the mean.
9. A set of six numbers have a median of 5 .

A All of the numbers are even.
塵 The range of the numbers is 6 .
The mode of the numbers is 4 .
Write down a possible set of six numbers.

$$
\begin{equation*}
44466 \ldots 10 \tag{4}
\end{equation*}
$$

Name:

## Exam Style Questions

## Cumulative Frequency Box Plots

Ensure you have: Pencil, pen, ruler, protractor, pair of compasses and eraser
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Revision for this topic
www.corbettmaths.com/contents Video 149
Video 150
Video 153
Video 154


1. The weight of 80 deer was recorded by a zoo keeper. The table below shows this information.

| Weight, w kg | curnulative <br> frequevcy |
| :---: | :---: |
| $0<w \leq 20$ | 2 |
| $0<w \leq 40$ | 6 |
| $0<w \leq 60$ | 15 |
| $0<w \leq 80$ | 36 |
| $0<w \leq 100$ | 58 |
| $0<w \leq 120$ | 73 |
| $0<w \leq 140$ | 80 |

Draw a cumulative frequency graph for this information.

(2)
2. The ages of 100 teachers were recorded.

The table below shows this information.

| Age, $x$ years | Frequency | Curmulative <br> frequency |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $20<x \leq 30$ | 12 | 12 |
| $30<x \leq 40$ | 30 | 42 |
| $40<x \leq 50$ | 28 | 70 |
| $50<x \leq 60$ | 22 | 92 |
| $60<x \leq 70$ | 8 | 100 |

(a) Complete the cumulative frequency column in the table.

(b) Draw a cumulative frequency graph for this information.
(2)
3. The table shows information about the number of hours that 260 students spent revising for an exam.

| Number of hours <br> (h) | Frequency |
| :---: | :---: |
| $0<\mathrm{h} \leq 2$ | 20 |
| $2<\mathrm{h} \leq 4$ | 32 |
| $4<\mathrm{h} \leq 6$ | 48 |
| $6<\mathrm{h} \leq 8$ | 120 |
| $8<\mathrm{h} \leq 10$ | 24 |
| $10<\mathrm{h} \leq 12$ | 16 |

(a) Complete the cumulative frequency table.

| Number of hours <br> (h) | Cumulative <br> frequency |
| :---: | :---: |
| $0<h \leq 2$ | 20 |
| $0<h \leq 4$ | 52 |
| $0<h \leq 6$ | 100 |
| $0<h \leq 8$ | 220 |
| $0<h \leq 10$ | 244 |
| $0<h \leq 12$ | 260 | your table.


(c) Use your graph to find an estimate for the median number of hours spent revising.
(d) Use your graph to find an estimate for the number of students who spent less than 3 hours revising.
4. The table gives information about the weights of 50 male rugby players.

(a) Draw a box plot to show this information.


The weights of 50 female rugby players are also recorded.
The lightest female rugby player is 51 kg .
The lower quartile is 60 kg .
The median is 71 kg .

$$
U Q \quad 74 \mathrm{~kg}
$$

The range and interquartile range for the female rugby players is the same as the male rugby players.
(b) Draw a box plot to show this information.

5. John did a survey about the amounts of money spent by 120 women while Christmas shopping.

The cumulative frequency table shows this information.

| Amount spent, £x | Cumulative <br> frequency |
| :---: | :---: |
| $0<x \leq 50$ | 6 |
| $0<x \leq 100$ | 30 |
| $0<x \leq 150$ | 80 |
| $0<x \leq 200$ | 100 |
| $0<x \leq 250$ | 112 |
| $0<x \leq 300$ | 120 |

(a) On the grid, draw a cumulative frequency diagram.

(b) Use the cumulative frequency diagram to estimate the median.

(2)

John then surveyed men about the amount of money they spent while Christmas shopping. The median was $£ 160$.
(c) Compare the amounts of money spent by the women with the amounts of money spent by the men.

$\qquad$
6. A university surveyed 60 mathematics graduates on their starting salary. The cumulative frequency graph shows some information about the salaries.

(a) Use the graph to find an estimate for the median salary.
\& 30000
(1)

The 60 mathematics graduates
had a minimum salary of $£ 16,000$ and a maximum salary of $£ 48,000$.
(b) Use this information and the cumulative frequency curve to draw a box plot for the 60 mathematics graduates.

## Mathematics Graduates



The university also surveyed 60 archaeology graduates.
The box plot below shows information about their salaries.

(c) Compare the distribution of the salaries of the mathematics graduates with the distribution of the salaries of the archaeology graduates.
The salaries are similarly soreal, both with interquartile ranges
of $f 10,000$. The mathematics ard it with a with a neetion of $f 30,000$ compared to $f 19,000$
7. The length of time, in minutes, that 80 customers spend in a shop was recorded. A cumulative frequency diagram of this data is below.

(a) Find an estimate of the median.
(b) Find an estimate of the inter-quartile range.

$$
7 \cdot 6-4 \cdot 4
$$

8. 40 students complete a puzzle.

The time taken, in seconds, is recorded.
The cumulative frequency diagram shows the information about the times taken.

(a) Find the median time taken.
$\qquad$
(b) Find the inter-quartile range.

$$
106-94
$$

(c) Complete a box plot for times taken.

(2)
9. A teacher gave 100 boys and 100 girls a maths test.

The test was out of 45 marks.
The cumulative frequency curves show how each group performed.

(a) Find an estimate for the number of boys who scored over 40 marks.
boys girls
241.5 median
19145 QR
(b) Make two comparisons between the distributions of the boys and girls scores.

The girls scored more than the boys on average with a media of 315 compared to 24 .
The boys results we mo ne spread at (less consisted) us their $I Q R$ is 19 compared to 14.5 .
10. A group of primary school students run an obstacle course.

The table below shows some information about their times.

| Time, (t) | Cumulative <br> frequency |
| :---: | :---: |
| $0<t \leq 40$ | 4 |
| $0<t \leq 60$ | 11 |
| $0<t \leq 70$ | 16 |
| $0<t \leq 80$ | 22 |
| $0<t \leq 100$ | 30 |

(a) On the grid, draw a cumulative frequency graph for this information.

(2)

A group of secondary school students did the same obstacle course. Their median time was 72 seconds and interquartile range was 34 seconds.
(b) Compare the times taken of these two groups of students.

$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
11. The cumulative frequency diagram below shows the distribution of marks in an Art exam.


The lowest mark is 8 .
The highest mark is 56 .
(a) Draw a box plot for this data.

(b) What percentage of students scored more than the upper quartile mark?
12. Mrs Davis sets her class a quiz, which has a maximum score of 50 . The distribution of the scores are shown in a box plot below.

(a) Write down the median score.

(b) Write down the highest score.
$\qquad$
(c) Find the interquartile range.

$$
35-19
$$

Martin scored 35 marks.
(d) What percentage of the class scored a lower mark than Martin?
$\qquad$

The interquartile range is a better measure of the spread of a distribution than the range.

Explain why
One outlier will affect the range but not the interquartile range.
13. The cumulative frequency diagram shows the distribution of speeds for 60 cars on a road.

(a) Estimate the median speed.
(b) Estimate the interquartile range of the speeds.

$$
70-44
$$

The speed limit on the road is $85 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$.
(c) How many cars exceeded the speed limit?

$$
60-57
$$

3

## Exam Style Questions

## Histograms

Ensure you have: Pencil, pen, ruler, protractor, pair of compasses and eraser You may use tracing paper if needed

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## Revision for this topic

www.corbettmaths.com/contents

1. The test scores from the students in a school are summarised in the table.

| Test score, $x$ | Frequency |
| :---: | :---: |
| $0<x \leq 30$ | 15 |
| $30<x \leq 40$ | 22 |
| $40<x \leq 50$ | 28 |
| $50<x \leq 70$ | 30 |
| $70<x \leq 100$ | 9 |

frequency
0.5
2.2
2.8
1.5
0.3

Draw a histogram for this data.

(3)
2. The waiting times, $h$ hours, for 40 patients at an accident and emergency department in one evening is shown below.

| Waiting time, $h$ | Frequency |
| :---: | :---: |
| $0<h \leq 0.5$ | 8 |
| $0.5<h \leq 1$ | 10 |
| $1<h \leq 1.5$ | 7 |
| $1.5<h \leq 3$ | 9 |
| $3<h \leq 5$ | 6 |

frequency density
16
20
14
6
3

Draw a histogram for this data.

(3)
3. The salaries, $p$ pounds, of 10950 people in a town is shown below.

| Salary, $p$ | Frequency |
| :---: | :---: |
| $0<p \leq 8000$ | 1200 |
| $8000<p \leq 15000$ | 1750 |
| $15000<p \leq 25000$ | 4500 |
| $25000<p \leq 40000$ | 1500 |
| $40000<p \leq 80000$ | 2000 |

Draw a histogram for this data.


Salary
(3)
4. The lengths of 200 fish in a pond, I centimetres, are recorded below.

| Length, 1 | Frequency |
| :---: | :---: |
| $0<I \leq 4$ | 36 |
| $4<I \leq 6$ | 40 |
| $6<I \leq 8$ | 48 |
| $8<I \leq 12$ | 44 |
| $12<I \leq 20$ | 32 |

frequenly density
9
20
24
11
4

Draw a histogram for this data.

(3)
5. The table gives information about the hours Easyair pilots have spent flying, $t$ hours.

| Time ( $t$ hours) | Frequency |
| :---: | :---: |
| $0<t \leq 100$ | 24 |
| $100<t \leq 150$ | 21 |
| $150<t \leq 200$ | 17 |
| $200<t \leq 350$ | 24 |
| $350<t \leq 500$ | 9 |


(a) Draw a histogram to show this information.

(3)
(b) Estimate the number of Easyair pilots who have flown under 50 hours.

$$
\begin{equation*}
24 \div 2=12 \tag{12}
\end{equation*}
$$

(1)

The histogram shows the distribution of time spent flying by Ryanjet pilots.

(c) Estimate the number of pilots who have flown under 250 hours.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 200 \times 0.35=70 \\
& 50 \times 0.16=8
\end{aligned}
$$

(d) Make one comparison between the distribution of time spent flying by pilots from Easyair and Ryanjet.
 200 have, comped to fo for Aynnjet.

- Eagair hame 33 pitt avo hae flown

6. The table gives information about the lengths, I metres, of fish in a pond.

| length $(1 \mathrm{~cm})$ | Frequency | freperyy density |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $0<1 \leq 8$ | 16 | 2 |
| $8<1 \leq 10$ | 7 | 3.5 |
| $10<1 \leq 12$ | 9 | 4.5 |
| $12<1 \leq 16$ | 6 | 1.5 |
| $16<1 \leq 20$ | 2 | 0.5 |

Draw a histogram to show this information.

7. Below is a histogram showing information about the weight of parcels.


Use the histogram to complete the frequency table.

| Weight, w | Frequency |
| :---: | :---: |
| $0<w \leq 1.5$ | 15 |
| $1.5<w \leq 2.5$ | 15 |
| $2.5<w \leq 3$ | 9 |
| $3<w \leq 4.5$ | 18 |
| $4.5<w \leq 6$ | 9 |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

(3)
8. Below is a histogram showing information about the value of antiques.


Use the histogram to complete the frequency table.

| Values, $v$ | Frequency |
| :---: | :---: |
| $0<v \leq 300$ | 90 |
| $300<v \leq 500$ | 108 |
| $500<v \leq 600$ | 70 |
| $600<v \leq 800$ | 76 |
| $800<v \leq 1200$ | 40 |

$300 \times 0.3$
$200 \times 0.54$
$100 \times 0.7$
$200 \times 0.38$
$400 \times 0.1$
(3)
9. A group of students were asked to complete a puzzle. The histogram shows the distribution of the times taken.

(a) Work out how many students took between 50 and 70 seconds to complete the puzzle.

$$
20 \times 3.5
$$

(b) Calculate an estimate of the number of students who took under 30 seconds to complete the puzzle.

$$
20 \times 2
$$

10. The histogram shows information about the speeds, in miles per hour, that cars travelled through a village. The speed limit is 60 mph .


Work out the percentage of cars that were under the speed limit of 60 mph .

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { total number of cars }=300 \\
& \text { Under } 60=150+66+72=288
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\frac{288}{300} \times 100
$$

11. The histogram shows the ages of visitors to a library on one morning.


What percentage of visitors were over 40 years old?

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { over } 40: 75+50=125 \\
& \text { to ide }: 620 \\
& \frac{125}{620} \times 100
\end{aligned}
$$

12. The incomplete table and histogram give some information about the weights of dogs.


Use the information in the histogram to complete the frequency table.

| weight $(w \mathrm{~kg})$ | Frequency | $10 \times \square=34$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $0<w \leq 10$ | 34 |  |
| $10<w \leq 15$ | 33 |  |
| $15<w \leq 20$ | 30 | $5 \times 6]=30$ |
| $20<w \leq 40$ | 40 | $20 \times(2)$ |
| $40<w \leq 55$ | 6 |  |
|  |  |  |

(2)
13. The table and histogram give some information about the heights of plants in a greenhouse.

(a) Use the histogram to complete the frequency table.

| Height $(h \mathrm{~cm})$ | Frequency |
| :---: | :---: |
| $0<h \leq 20$ | 800 |
| $20<h \leq 30$ | 1680 |
| $30<h \leq 40$ | 1200 |
| $40<h \leq 70$ | 1800 |
| $70<h \leq 100$ | 1080 |

光
$20 \times \square_{0}=800$
$10 \times 168=1680$
$1200 \div 10=120$
$1800 \div 30=60$
$30 \times 36=1080$
(b) Use the table to complete the histogram.
(2)
14. The histogram shows information about how far 150 children swam, when trying to get their swimming certificates.

Frequency density

(a) Complete this frequency table

| Length, 1 metres | Frequency |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $0<1 \leq 20$ | 30 |  |
| $20<1 \leq 40$ | 42 | $20 \times 2.1$ |
| $40<1 \leq 50$ | 25 |  |
| $50<1 \leq 60$ | 29 | $10 \times 2.9$ |
| $60<1 \leq 100$ | 24 |  |

(2)
(b) $10 \%$ of the swimmers swam further than y metres. 25 Calculate an estimate of $y$.
$0.6 \times \square=15$
$10 \%$ of $150=15$

$75 m$
(2)
15. The histogram shows the speeds in miles per hour of 82 cars on a road.


Speed, miles per hour
14 cars were travelling over 50 mph .
Calculate an estimate of the number of cars that were travelling between 42 and 49 mph .

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 175 \text { squares }=14 \text { cars } \\
& 12.5 \text { squares }: 1 \text { cor. }
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
275 \div 12.5=22 \text { cars }
$$

16. The histogram shows the weights in kilograms of 504 athletes.


45 athletes weigh under 60 kg .
Calculate an estimate of the number of athletes between 70 and 95 kg .
45 athletes $=75$ squares

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 1 \text { athlete }=1 \frac{2}{3} \text { squares } \\
& 405 \div 1 \frac{2}{3}=243
\end{aligned}
$$

(4)
17. The histograms shows information about the time taken by 140 students to complete a puzzle.

(a) Complete this frequency table.

| Time, $t$ seconds | Frequency |
| :---: | :---: |
| $0<t \leq 40$ | 4 |
| $40<t \leq 60$ | 48 |
| $60<t \leq 70$ | $30 \times 2.4$ |
| $70<t \leq 80$ | 39 |
| $80<t \leq 120$ | 16 |

(b) Calculate an estimate of the median.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 70^{\text {th }} \text { value } \\
& 60+\frac{18}{33} \times 10=
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
65.455 \text { seconds }
$$

(3) to $3 \mathrm{~d} \rho$.
18. The histogram shows the weights of 700 dogs.

(a) Calculate an estimate of the median.

$$
350^{\text {th }}
$$

42 int. $14 \leqslant \omega<18$

$$
14+\frac{42}{200} \times 4
$$

(b) Calculate an estimate of the upper quartile.

$$
525^{\text {th }}
$$

17 int $18 \leqslant \omega<26$

$$
18+\frac{17}{192} \times 8
$$

$18 \cdot 708$

## Name：

## Exam Style Questions

## Percentages：

of an amount（calculator）

## a <br> Corbettm $\alpha$ ths

 increasing／decreasing byEnsure you have：Pencil，pen，ruler，protractor，pair of compasses and eraser
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Revision for this topic
www．corbettmaths．com／contents

> Video 235
> Video 238

1. Calculate $7 \%$ of 340

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
1 \%=340 \div 100=3.4 & \text { or } 340 \times 0.07 \\
7 \%=3.4 \times 7= & 23.8
\end{array}
$$

2. Find $56 \%$ of $\$ 8200$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 1 \%=82 \\
& 56 \%=4512
\end{aligned}
$$

or $8200 \times 0.56$
\$... $\qquad$
3. Calculate $83 \%$ of 9000 or $9000 \times 0.83$

$$
\begin{align*}
& 1 \%=90 \\
& 83 \%=7470 \tag{7470}
\end{align*}
$$

4. Calculate $3.5 \%$ of 140 g

$$
\begin{align*}
& 1 \%=1.4 \\
& 3.5 \%=4.9
\end{align*}
$$

$$
\text { or } 140 \times 0.035
$$

5. Find $18.2 \%$ of $£ 25,000$ or $0.182 \times 25000$

$$
\begin{align*}
& 1 \%=250 \\
& 18 \cdot 2 \%=4550
\end{align*}
$$

6. Increase $£ 2400$ by $9 \%$

$$
\begin{aligned}
1 \% & =24 \\
9 \% & =216
\end{aligned} \quad 2400+216
$$

£....26.16.
7. Increase 40 miles by $43 \%$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 1 \%=0.4 \\
& 43 \%=17.2
\end{aligned}
$$

or $40 \times 1.43$

$$
\begin{equation*}
40+17 \cdot 2 \tag{2}
\end{equation*}
$$

8. Decrease 18000 by $6 \%$ or $18000 \times 0.94$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 1 \%=180 \\
& 6 \%=1080
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
18000-1080
$$

16920
9. Decrease 712 kg by $24 \%$
or $712 \times 0.76$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 1 \%=7.12 \\
& 24 \%=170.88
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
712-170.88
$$

541.12
10. Increase 7900 by $37.4 \%$ or $7900 \times 1.374$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 1 \%=79 \\
& 37.4 \%=2954.6
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
7900+2954.6
$$

11. Oliver's salary is $£ 18,000$ and he is due to get an increase of $4 \%$. How much will this increase be?

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 1 \%=180 \\
& 4 \%=720
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
18000 \times 0.04
$$

$$
x
$$

Homer
14. Barry earns $£ 1300$ a month. He spends $30 \%$ of this money on rent and $12 \%$ on bills.

How much of the $£ 1300$ has he left?

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
1 \%=13 & \frac{\text { sills }}{10 \%}=13 \\
30 \%=310 & 12 \%=156 \\
& 1300-390-156
\end{array}
$$

$$
\text { or } \begin{aligned}
& 1300 \times 0.3=390 \\
& 1300 \times 0.12=156 \\
& 1300-390.156: 754
\end{aligned}
$$

\&. 754
15. A carton of orange juice contains 540 ml .

A special offer carton contains an extra $35 \%$.
How many millilitres of orange juice are in the special offer carton?

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 1 \%=5.4 \\
& 35 \%=189
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\text { or } 540 \times 1.35
$$

$$
540+189
$$

16. There are 52800 fans at a football match between Rovers and City. $37 \%$ of the fans support Rovers.

How many fans at the match support City?

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 63 \% \text { support city. or } 52800 \times 0.63 \\
& 1 \%=528 \\
& 63 \%=33264
\end{aligned}
$$

17. In 2000 the population of a country was $4,580,000$

By 2015, the population had increased by $18 \%$
Work out the population in 2015

$$
\text { or } \quad 4580000 \times 1.18
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 1 \%=45800 \\
& 18 \%=824400
\end{aligned}
$$

18. 



A vintage car was bought for $£ 9,400$
Since then the value of the car has increased by $29 \%$
Calculate the value of the car.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 1 \%=94 \\
& 29 \%=2726
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\text { or } 9400 \times 1.29
$$

19. James is buying a table.

He finds the same table for sale in two different shops.

Table World
£140
Prices include VAT

Tables'R'us
£120
Prices do not include VAT

$$
\begin{array}{r}
1 \%=1.2 \\
17.5 \%=21
\end{array}
$$

Which shop is better value?
You must show your working.

$$
120 \times 1.175=f 141 \text { with vat. }
$$

20. Harriet travelled from Bath to Cardiff.

Her average speed was 58 miles per hour.
There is traffic on the return journey.
Her average speed is reduced by $23 \%$
Work out the average speed on the return journey.

$$
58 \times 0.77
$$

or

$$
\begin{aligned}
1 \% & =0.58 \\
23 \% & =13.34 \\
58 & -13.34
\end{aligned}
$$

21. Georgina needs to buy petrol for her car.

Her car can hold 70 litres of petrol.
There are already 20 litres of petrol in the tank. Neenls 50 litres Georgina is going to fill up the petrol tank.

The price of petrol is 115.9 p per litre Georgina has a voucher that gives her $3 \%$ off the price of petrol.

How much does Georgina have to pay for the petrol?

$$
\begin{aligned}
50 & \times 115.9=5795 \rho \text { or } \approx 57.95 \\
1 \% & =0.5795 \\
3 \% & =1.7385
\end{aligned}
$$

She sues f1.74 (or f1.73)

$$
\mathcal{F} 57.95-f 1.74
$$

22. The table gives information about the number of people voting for each party at an election.

| Party | Number of Votes |
| :--- | :--- |
| Gold Party | 12598 |
| Pink Party | 9112 |
| Brown Party | 20059 |
| Purple Party | 4466 |
| Total | 46235 |

There are 52852 people who can vote The target was that $88 \%$ of people would vote.

Was the target met?

$$
88 \% \text { of } 52852=46509.76 \quad \text { (46509 or } 46510 \text { ) }
$$

No the target was not nett.
23. A ball is dropped from a height of 3 m and is allowed to bounce repeatedly. Each time it rises to a height which is $80 \%$ of the height it fell from.

What height does the ball rise to after the second bounce.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 1^{\text {st }} \text { bounce }=300 \times 0.8=240 \mathrm{~cm} \\
& 2^{\text {dod }} \text { bounce }=40 \times 0.8=192 \mathrm{~cm}
\end{aligned}
$$

24. James bought a house.

In the first year the value of the house decreased by $10 \%$.
In the second year the value of the house increased by $10 \%$.
Is the house worth more, less, or the same as what James paid for it? Explain your answer.

If the hose cost 5100,000
$1^{\text {st }}$ year $=\$ 90,000$
$2^{\text {nd }}$ year $=\neq 99,000$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& f x \\
& 1^{\text {st }} \text { year }=0.9 x \\
& \text { 2 nd year }=0.9 x \times 1.1 \\
&=0.99 x
\end{aligned}
$$

25. Cerys wants to invest $£ 4000$ for two years.

| Banks'R'us | The Best Bank |
| :--- | :---: |
| Compound Interest | Compound Interest |
| 6\% for the first year | $5 \%$ for the first year |
| $1.5 \%$ for each extra year | $2.5 \%$ for each extra year |

Southern Bank
Compound Interest
$7 \%$ for the first year
$0.5 \%$ for each extra year

At the end of two years, Cerys wants to have as much money as possible.
Which bank should she invest her $£ 4000$ in?

$$
\text { Burls 'R 'Us } \quad \begin{array}{ll}
1^{\text {st }} \text { year } & =\mathscr{L} 4240 \\
& \eta^{\text {od }} \text { year }
\end{array}=\$ 4303.60
$$

The Best Bunk $1^{\text {ot year }}=24200$

$$
2^{\text {no l year }}=44305
$$

Southern bant $1^{\text {st }}$ your $=24280$

$$
z^{\text {nd }} \text { year }=x(4301.40
$$

## Name:

## Exam Style Questions Scatter Graphs

Corbettmaths

> Ensure you have: Pencil, pen, ruler, protractor, pair of compasses and eraser

You may use tracing paper if needed

## Guidance

1. Read each question carefully before you begin answering it.
2. Don't spend too long on one question.
3. Attempt every question.
4. Check your answers seem right.
5. Always show your workings
Revision for this topic
www.corbettmaths.com/contents
Video 165
Video 166
Video 167
Video 168
6. The value of cars in a used car garage are recorded below.

The scatter graph shows this information.


Another car arrives at the garage. It is 4 years old and worth $£ 5000$.
(a) Show this information on the scatter graph.
(1)
(b) Describe the correlation between the value of the car and the age of the car.

## negative correlation

(1)

The next car that arrives is 6 years old.
(c) Estimate the value of the car.
this may vary slightly based
3600
on your line of best fit.
(2)
2. The table shows the time spent revising and the test scores of ten students.

| Time spent revising (hours) | 9 | 0.5 | 1 | 4 | 6 | 2 | 3 | 7 | 5 | 8 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Test result (\%) | 90 | 20 | 38 | 62 | 68 | 32 | 46 | 70 | 60 | 86 |

The first seven points have been plotted on this scatter diagram.

(a) Complete the scatter diagram.
(1)
(b) Describe the relationship shown in the scatter diagram.

## As the time spent revising increases, so does the test score. (positive correlation)

(c) Draw a line of best fit on your scatter diagram.
(d) Another student has spent 4.5 hours revising. Use your line of best fit to estimate their test result. this may vary slightly based on your line of best fit.
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3. The scatter graph shows information about the heights and arm spans of ten students in a school.

(a) What type of correlation does this scatter graph show?

## positive

(1)

Another student has a height of 150 cm .
(b) Estimate the arm span of this student.
this may vary slightly based on your line of best fit. 147
.cm
(2)
4. The table shows the charge $(£)$ by plumbers for jobs of different duration (hours).

| Job duration (hours) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 5 | 6 | 6 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Charge (£) | 60 | 80 | 104 | 116 | 128 | 140 | 160 |

(a) Plot the data on the scatter graph below.
(2)

(b) Describe the correlation.

There is a positive correlation, which
means as the job duration increases, so does
the charge.
(c) Draw a line of best fit on the scatter graph.
(d) Use your line of best fit to estimate the charge for a 4 hour job. this may vary slightly based on your line of best fit.

ᄃ 116
(e) Explain why it may not be appropriate to use your line of best fit to estimate the charge for a job lasting 12 hours.

## It is beyond the range of the data.

It is extrapolation, therefore unreliable.
5. Some rugby players take two tests, one measuring speed and the other measuring strength.
Each test is marked out of 200.
The scatter graph compares the results.

(a) What type of coordinate does this scatter graph show?

## negative

(1)
(b) Draw a line of best fit on the scatter graph.
(1)

Brian scores 40 in Test 2.
(c) Estimate his score in Test 1.
this may vary slightly based
on your line of best fit.
: 140
(1)
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6. A shop sells umbrellas.

The scatter graph shows information about the number of umbrellas sold each week and the rainfall that week, in millimetres.

(a) Describe the relationship between the rainfall and umbrellas sold.

As the rainfall increases, the number of umbrellas sold increases.
(b) What is the most number of umbrellas sold in one week?
(c) What is the greatest amount of rainfall in one week?
(d) In how many weeks did the shop sell over 105 umbrellas?

3
(1)

In another week, there was 6 mm of rain.
(e) Estimate the number of umbrellas sold.
this may vary slightly based on your line of best fit.
(f) Explain why it may not be appropriate to use your line of best fit to estimate the number of umbrellas sold in a week with 25 mm of rainfall.

It is beyond the range of the data.
It is extrapolation, therefore unreliable.
7. The table below shows information about the monthly rent of an apartment and the distance of the apartment from a city centre, in miles.

| Distance (miles) | 3.2 | 1.5 | 5.7 | 8.2 | 0.7 | 0.9 | 4.4 | 5.8 | 9.3 | 0.4 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :--- |
| Monthly rent (£) | 340 | 420 | 250 | 190 | 500 | 470 | 300 | 260 | 170 | 510 |

(a) Plot the data on the scatter graph below. Clearly label your axes.
(3)

(b) Describe the relationship between the distance from the city centre and the monthly rent.
As the distance from the city centre increases, the monthly rent decreases.
It is a negative correlation.

An apartment is 2.2 miles from the city centre.
(c) Find an estimate for the monthly rent
this may vary slightly based 380 on your line of best fit.
8. Match each scatter graph to the best description of the type and strength of correlation.

(2)
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9. Eleven students sit examinations in Art, Maths and Biology. Information about the results are shown in the scatter graphs below.

(a) Describe the correlation between the maths scores and art scores.

## negative correlation

(1)
(b) Describe the correlation between the biology scores and art scores.

## negative correlation

(1)
(c) Describe the correlation between the biology scores and maths scores.

## positive correlation

(1)

## Name:

## Exam Style Questions

## Standard Form

Ensure you have: Pencil, pen, ruler, protractor, pair of compasses and eraser
You may use tracing paper if needed

## Guidance

1. Read each question carefully before you begin answering it.
2. Don't spend too long on one question.
3. Attempt every question.
4. Check your answers seem right.
5. Always show your workings

6. Write the following numbers in standard form.

閵
(a) 40000
$4 \times 10^{4}$
(1)
(b) 5600

$$
5 \cdot 6 \times 10^{3}
$$

(c) 41200000

$$
4.12 \times 10^{7}
$$

(1)
(d) 0.00000008

$$
8 \times 10^{-8}
$$

(1)
(e) 0.000345

$$
3.45 \times 10^{-4}
$$

2. Write 37341000000 in standard form.
閘

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3．Write 0.000000000000412 in standard form．
啡

$$
4.12 \times 10^{-13}
$$

（1）

4．Calculate，writing your answer in standard form
㡽

$$
\left(2.05 \times 10^{5}\right) \times\left(8.17 \times 10^{3}\right)
$$

$$
1.67485 \times 10^{9}
$$

（2）

5．Work out，giving each answer in standard form．
鹿（a）

$$
\left(4 \times 10^{5}\right) \times\left(2 \times 10^{4}\right)
$$

$$
8 \times 10^{9}
$$

（b）

$$
\begin{gathered}
\left(5 \times 10^{6}\right) \times\left(7 \times 10^{8}\right) \\
35 \times 10^{14}
\end{gathered}
$$

$$
3.5 \times 10^{15}
$$

6. Work out, giving each answer in standard form.

芘
(a)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \left(3 \times 10^{4}\right) \div\left(6 \times 10^{-3}\right) \\
& 0.5 \times 10^{7} \\
& 5 \times 10^{6}
\end{aligned}
$$


(b)
$\left(2.1 \times 10^{-5}\right) \div\left(7 \times 10^{-4}\right)$ $0.3 \times 10^{-1}$
$3 \times 10^{-2}$
$3 \times 10^{-2}$
(2)
(c)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \left(5 \times 10^{4}\right)^{2} \\
& 5 \times 10^{4} \times 5 \times 10^{4} \\
& 25 \times 10^{8}
\end{aligned}
$$

(2)
7. Mr Holland has 2500 kg of rice.
(a) Write 2500 kg in grams.

Give your answer in standard form.

$$
2500000
$$


(2)
(b) One grain of rice weighs 0.03 g

Write the weight of one grain of rice in standard form.

(1)
(c) How many grains of rice are there in 2500 kg of rice?

Give your answer in standard form.

$$
\begin{gathered}
\left(2.5 \times 10^{6}\right) \div\left(3 \times 10^{-2}\right) \\
8.33 . . \times 10^{7}
\end{gathered}
$$

$$
8.33 \times 10^{7}
$$

(2)
8. (a) Write five million in standard form.

閊
5000000

(b) Write three hundred thousand in standard form.

$$
300000
$$

(c) Work out five million multiplied by three hundred thousand.

Give your answer in standard form.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 15 \times 10^{11} \\
& 1.5 \times 10^{12}
\end{aligned}
$$

9. A calculator displays a number in standard form.

閊


Write the number as an ordinary number.

$$
0.000081
$$



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10. The table gives the circumference, in metres, of planets in the solar system.
7. The circumferences are given to an accuracy of 3 significant figures.

| Planet | Circumference (metres) |
| :--- | :--- |
| Mercury | $1.54 \times 10^{7}$ |
| Venus | $3.81 \times 10^{7}$ |
| Earth | $4.01 \times 10^{7}$ |
| Mars | $2.13 \times 10^{7}$ |
| Jupiter | $4.39 \times 10^{8}$ |
| Saturn | $3.66 \times 10^{8}$ |
| Uranus | $1.59 \times 10^{8}$ |
| Neptune | $1.55 \times 10^{8}$ |

(a) Which planet has the largest circumference?

(b) Which planet has the smallest circumference?

(1)
(c) Write $1.54 \times 10^{7}$ as an ordinary number.

$$
15400000
$$

(1)
(d) Work out the diameter of Neptune. Give your answer in standard form.

$$
\begin{align*}
& \text { Give your answer instandard } \\
& d=c \div \pi  \tag{2}\\
& 1.55 \times 10^{8} \div \pi
\end{align*}
$$

$$
4.934 \times 10^{7}
$$

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11. The number of visitors to some tourist attractions is shown in the table below.

罡

| The King's Palace | 5.4 million |
| :--- | :--- |
| Castle | 923,840 |
| Theme Park | $1.43 \times 10^{7}$ |
| Science Museum | $4,192,900$ |

(a) Write the number of visitors to the Theme Park as an ordinary number.

## 14300000

(1)
(b) Write the number of visitors to the Castle in standard form.

$$
9.2384 \times 10^{5}
$$

(1)
(c) How many more people visited the Theme Park than the Science Museum


$$
10,107,100
$$

12. The distance of the moon to the Earth is $384,400 \mathrm{~km}$.

屏 The speed of light is $2.998 \times 10^{2} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$.
Work out how long it will take light to travel from the moon to the Earth. Include suitable units.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& t=\frac{\alpha}{5} \\
& t=\frac{384400000}{2.998 \times 10^{8}}=1.28 \text { seconds }
\end{aligned}
$$

12. $\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}$ and c are standard form numbers.

菛

$$
a=5.4 \times 10^{4} \quad b=4.9 \times 10^{5} \quad c=4 \times 10^{6}
$$

(a) Calculate $\mathrm{b}-\mathrm{a}$

$$
\begin{array}{r}
4.90000  \tag{2}\\
-\frac{44000}{636000} \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

$$
4.36 \times 10^{5}
$$

(b) Calculate $\mathrm{c}^{2}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 4 \times 10^{6} \times 4 \times 10^{6} \\
& 16 \times 10^{12}
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
1.6 \times 10^{13}
$$

(c) Calculate ac

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 5.4 \times 10^{4} \times 4 \times 10^{6} \\
& 21.6 \times 10^{10}
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
2.16 \times 10^{11}
$$

13．The population of England is $5.301 \times 10^{7}$
1 The number of people who live in London is $8.308 \times 10^{6}$
What percentage of the population of England live in London？


$$
15.67 \%
$$

（2）

14．Find the value of $\left(2.19 \times 10^{8}\right) \times\left(3.52 \times 10^{3}\right)$ ．
尾 Give your answer in standard form．
$7.7088 \times 10^{11}$
（2）

15．Work out $\left(4.5 \times 10^{7}\right) \div\left(5 \times 10^{-2}\right)$
用 Give your answer in standard form．
麇

（2）

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16. (a) Write 5930000000 in standard form.
(1)
(b) Write $8.024 \times 10^{-4}$ as an ordinary number.

(1)
(c) $\mathrm{c}=2 \times 10^{6}$ and $\mathrm{y}=6 \times 10^{5}$

$$
w^{2}=\frac{c y}{c-y}
$$

Work out the value of w.
Give your answer in standard form correct to 2 significant figures.
$\omega^{2}=\frac{12 \times 10^{11}}{1400^{\circ 00}}=857142.8571$
$\begin{array}{ll}\omega=925.82 \ldots \\ \omega=930\end{array} \quad 9.3 \times 10^{2}$
(3)
17. Work out $\left(1.52 \times 10^{5}\right)+\left(5.4 \times 10^{4}\right)$

轗 Give your answer in standard form.

$$
\begin{array}{r}
152000 \\
+\quad 54000 \\
\hline 206000
\end{array}
$$

$$
2.06 \times 10^{5}
$$

(3)
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18. The Earth is approximately a sphere of diameter 12742 km .

T The surface area of a sphere is given by the formula $A=4 \pi r^{2}$


Calculate the surface area of the Earth.
Give your answer in metres and in standard form.
$\alpha=12742000 \mathrm{~m}$
$r=6371000 \mathrm{~m}$
$S A=4 \times \pi \times 6371000^{2}$
$5.1 \times 10^{14}$
(3)
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## Exam Style Questions

## 0 <br> Corbettm $\alpha$ ths

## Stratified Sampling

Ensure you have: Pencil, pen, ruler, protractor, pair of compasses and eraser You may use tracing paper if needed

## Guidance

1. Read each question carefully before you begin answering it.
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## Revision for this topic

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$$
\text { Video } 281
$$



1. The table shows information about the inhabitants of a village.

| Age | Population Size |
| :---: | :---: |
| $0-20$ | 693 |
| $21-40$ | 1203 |
| $41-60$ | 802 |
| Over 60 | 405 |

Bernard is going to carry out a survey about the local library.
He wants to find out how often people have been to the library in the last year.
Bernard decides to take a stratified sample.
(a) Explain why it is appropriate to take a stratified sample.


Bernard takes a stratified sample of 100.
(b) Calculate the number of each age group that Bernard should choose.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{693}{3103} \times 100=22.33 \ldots \\
& \frac{1203}{3103} \times 100=38.7689 \ldots \\
& \frac{802}{310^{3}} \times 100=25.84 \ldots \\
& \frac{405}{3103} \times 100=13.05 \ldots
\end{aligned}
$$


2. There are 180 employees in a school.

The table shows the number of each type of employee in the school.

| Teachers | Teaching Assistants | Admin | Other |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 94 | 16 | 41 | 29 |

(a) A stratified sample of size 50 is required.

Calculate the number of each type of employee that should be chosen.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{94}{180} \times 50=26.1 \\
& \frac{16}{180} \times 50=4.4 \ldots \\
& \frac{41}{180} \times 50=11.388 \ldots \\
& \frac{29}{180} \times 50=8.055 \ldots
\end{aligned}
$$

Teachers ...........................
Teaching Assistants ...........................
Admin ..............................
Other ............................
(b) Describe a method to obtain a stratified sample of size 50 from the employees in the school.
Assign end member of stuff a number (e............................................................ Teasing ussidets is to 110 etc) then ................................................ at random from 1 to 94 , 5 numbers at rank em for 95 to 110 anal 50 on
3. The table shows the home countries of rugby referees on a course.

| Ireland | Wales | Scotland |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8 | 28 | 44 |
| $8=\frac{3.5}{1}$ | 80 |  |

(a) David wants to take a stratified sample of size 10 from the referees.

Calculate the number of referees from each country that David should select.


Wees $\quad \frac{28}{80} \times 10=\frac{7}{20} \times 10=3.5$


Sold $\quad \frac{44}{80} \times 10=\frac{11}{20} \times 10=5.5$

Wales ............................
Scotland
4. There are 300 students in years 7, 8, 9 and 10 in a school.


| Year 7 | Year 8 | Year 9 | Year 10 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 72 | 108 | 66 | 54 |
| 12 | 18 | 9 |  |

A stratified sample of 50 is planned. dinge by 6
Calculate the number of people that should be saropled from each year group.

Year 7 $\qquad$

Year 8 $\qquad$ Year 9 ..........! $\qquad$

Year 10

5. Declan works in a confectioners.

He is asked to test a sample of 40 chocolates stratified by type of chocolate. The table shows the number of each type of chocolate in the shop.

| Type | Milk | Dark | White |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number | 600 | 220 | 130 |

Calculate the number of dark chocolates required for his stratified sample.

6. There are 300 passengers on a flight.

A A stratified sample is taken.
The table shows some information.

| Type | Adult Male | Adult Female | Children |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| Number on flight | 132 | $\therefore \frac{108}{} 18$ | 60 |
| Number in sample | 22 | 18 | 10 |

Complete the table.
7. A cricket club has 400 members.

A stratified sample of member is taken, by age group.
The table shows some information.

| Members | Junior | $18-39$ | $40-59$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 75 | $-5(100$ | 120 |
|  | 15 | 20 | 24 |

Complete the table.
8. A teacher decides to carry out a survey about school dinners.

She is going to ask students in year 4, year 5 and year 6.
The numbers in the school are shown.

| Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 100 | 120 | 135 |

A stratified sample is taken.
40 year 4 students are selected.
Work out the number of year 6 students selected.

$$
\begin{array}{rlrl}
\frac{100}{355} \times n & =40 \\
100 & =14200 & \frac{135}{355} \times 142 & =142
\end{array}
$$

