



## **BTEC Level 3 National Extended Certificate in Travel and Tourism**

Student name:	
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This booklet must be completed by the deadline of 28<sup>th</sup> June 2021.

This work can be completed on a PC or printed off and hand written.

# Travel and Tourism Subject Enhancement work

Hello! Welcome to Travel and Tourism. Please don't worry if you have never studied Travel and Tourism before. We are here to guide you through the course and to build your confidence within this new subject!

There are some tasks that we would like you to complete before starting the course in September.

# 1. Starting out!

A good place to start is with your own experiences of travel and tourism.

Complete the table below.

Question	Answer
Where did you or someone you know go on holiday last?	
Was it in the UK or abroad?	
How did you/they get there?	
What type of accommodation did you/they stay in?	
What activities did you/they do whilst you were there?	
What did you/they eat and drink?	
How was the holiday organised/booked?	

# 2. Key terminology

Find the definition for the key terms below. Provide examples, where possible.

Travel	
Tourism	
Domestic Tourism	
Inbound Tourism	
Overseas Tourism	
Public Sector	
Private Sector	
Voluntary Sector	
Travel Agent	

Tour Operator	
Seasonality	
External Factors	
Internal Factors	
Exchange Rate	
Currency	
Visitor Attraction	
Customer Service	
Insurance	
Trade Association	

### 3. Tourism in the UK

# **Mapping Tourist locations in the UK**

(This task can be completed on PC or printed and completed by hand)
On the map of the UK label the following:

Plot on the map

- 3 airports and their 3 letter codes
- 3 seaports and their 3 letter codes
- The Eurostar termini in the UK
- The 4 capital cities
- 6 seaside resorts

Remember to include a key



Visit <a href="https://www.visitbritain.org/2018-snapshot">https://www.visitbritain.org/2018-snapshot</a> and answer the following questions on tourism within the UK.  a) Describe trends in inbound tourism to the UK in recent years. What are the statistics telling us?
b) What are the top five markets (countries) for inbound tourism to the UK?
c) Explain why these countries are the largest number of visitors to the UK?
d) For what reasons do people travel to the UK?
e) When is the most popular time of year for people to travel?
f) Describe the different modes of travel to the UK.

g) What is the most popular modes of transport to the UK, why do you think this is?

# 4. Visitor Attractions.

Our coursework in Year 2 focuses on Visitor Attractions. Complete the table below on the different types of visitor attraction. Think about places you have visited first.

Type of attraction	Local example (within 15 miles of Raynes Park)	National Example (In the UK)	Overseas Example
Stately Home		Blenheim Palace Oxfordshire, England.	
Theme Park	Chessington world of adventures		
Garden			
Museum			
Art Gallery			
Event			
Sports Venue			
Resort			
Heritage			Taj Mahal, India

Visit <a href="https://www.tripadvisor.com/Attractions-g186338-Activities-London_England.html">https://www.tripadvisor.com/Attractions-g186338-Activities-London_England.html</a> What are the 15 most popular visitor attractions in London?				
Why would a website such as Tripadvisor be useful for tourists coming to visit the area?				
Where else can we find out about visitor attractions? Can you think of 5 different sources? (name specific sources e.g. Tripadvisor is a specific website.				

# What are the needs of customers? Complete the table below. Use the examples to help you.

Customer Type	Needs at the airport	Needs within accommodation	Needs with visitor attractions
Family with young children	Baby change facilities  Priority boarding  Buggy pick up from the plane		
Disabled visitor in a wheelchair			
Elderly Couple		Ground floor accommodation	
School Group			Lunch room  Tour guides  Education packages
A family who don't speak English			
A honeymoon couple			

# <u>Customer Service</u>

Give 5 reasons why customer service is important  1.  2.  3.  4.  5.
Give 3 problems that may occur if customer service is not good 1. 2. 3.
Give 3 ways in which travel and tourism companies can improve their customer service.  1.  2.  3.

#### Case study of Thomas Cook (package holiday company)

In Travel and Tourism, we look closely at the different sectors that make up the Travel and Tourism Industry. Watch this programme on the decline of Thomas Cook and answer the following questions.

https://www.channel4.com/programmes/thomas-cook-rise-fall-of-a-travel-agent

- 1. How many employees lost their jobs?
- 2. What was Dave's role with Thomas Cook?
- 3. Why did Dave never think it was going to happen?
- 4. Name some of the job titles the Walkden's had at Thomas Cook.
- 5. How long had Thomas Cook been operating for?
- 6. How many wars and monarchs did Thomas Cook survive through?
- 7. What were Thomas Cook's first holidays based around?
- 8. What were the "circular notes" better known as? How were these used?
- 9. In 1984, what slogan began to be used?
- 10. What brand did Thomas Cook buy in 1998?
- 11. What did this brand offer?
- 12. What is the CAA? What does it stand for?
- 13. How many tourists were affected by the collapse?
- 14. What date did they collapse?
- 15. How many countries were customers stuck in?
- 16. What was the name of the mission to get them back?
- 17. Who is in the firing line to blame for the collapse?
- 18. How much did Fankhauser earn as CEO?
- 19. What did Thomas Cook do that led to a debt crisis in 2011?
- 20. In recent times, what other factors led to Thomas Cook's demise?

#### Conclusion

#### **Principles of Sustainable Tourism**

"Sustainability means meeting our own needs without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs"

Select the 4 correct principles of sustainable tourism

- Minimise negative environmental impacts in a destination.
- Reduce litter and consumption of plastics.
- Create economic benefits, including future employment, for local people.
- Create employment for overseas tour guides.
- Conserve local culture.
- Build new infrastructure.
- Promote links and respect between tourists and local communities.
- Increase political power.
- Reduce the number of flights taken in 1 year.

#### <u>Dark Tourism – circle the examples and</u> <u>complete the definition</u>

Dark tourism involves \_\_\_\_\_\_ to places

		_ with	and	
		·		
Suffering, travelling, associated, death				
Chernobyl		The Louvre		Tate
Auschwitz	Ypres	Battlefield	Disney	land
9/11 Mem	norial	Great Wo	all of Chir	na

Gross Domestic Product – Give a Definition

#### How can tourism be made more sustainable?

Select 4 ways in which tourism can be made more sustainable.

- Create more permanent jobs.
- Reduce plastic consumption.
- Invest the income into local projects.
- Improve the infrastructure.
- Develop cultural links.
- Increase the number of flights.
- Use local materials in tourism projects.
- Encourage the sale of locally made produce.

#### **Business tourism**

What does MICE stand for, select the correct word in each list

M: Macro, Meeting, Museum, Milestone

I: Initiative, Iceland, Incentive, Igloo

C: Conference, Collusion, Course, Cave

E: Education, Exhibition, Election, Execution

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